Write your name on the cover of the test booklet and nowhere else. Enclose this sheet with the booklet. Failure to follow these directions will cost you 1 point. The test has 100 points (to be scaled up to 160 points) and is scheduled to take 50 minutes. Therefore, expect to spend 1 minute for every 2 points. For example, a 12-point question should take 6 minutes. I cannot give extra time because some students have a class after your class.

- 1) (10 points) For EITHER the C+I+G+X Curve OR the PPF, tell me what other graph that is similar to. Explain why they are similar.
- 2) (12 points) Draw EITHER the AD Curve OR the Classical SRAS Curve. Explain why it takes its shape.
- 3) (14 points) Answer EITHER Part A OR Part B.
- A) When we calculated the government spending multiplier, we implicitly made a series of assumptions. What did we assume about imports? If we relax that assumption (no longer assume it), then what will happen to the government spending multiplier? Explain your logic.
- B) Suppose the consumption function is given by C = 500 + 0.95(Y-T). Find the MPC, MPS, APC, and APS for a person with an income of \$20,000. Show all work and if there is no work, state where you got the answer from.
- 4) (16 points) Draw the 45° diagram, a.k.a. the Keynesian Cross diagram. Illustrate the effects of EITHER the event in Part A OR the event in Part B. Explain why the curve(s) moved as drawn. What happens to the equilibrium level of GDP?
- A) Increase in the income tax.
- B) The marginal propensity to consume increases.
- 5) (16 points) Answer EITHER Part A OR Part B.
- A) Draw the SRAS/LRAS/AD diagram for an economy in a recessionary gap. State how you know it is a recessionary gap. If the economy is left alone, how will it get back to the long-run equilibrium? Explain why the curve(s) moved as drawn.
- B) Draw the SRAS/LRAS/AD. Illustrate the effects of an improvement in technology. Explain why the curve(s) moved as drawn. What happens to the price level and real GDP?
- 6) (32 points) Draw the SRAS/LRAS/AD diagram and the Keynesian Cross, a.k.a. 45° diagram. Illustrate the effects of EITHER the event in Part A OR the event in Part B on the graphs. Show the **same event** on both graphs. Explain why the curve(s) moved as drawn. What happens to the price level and GDP?
- A) Chinese citizens are deciding they like our goods better than their own because they are better quality. Show that decision to prefer our goods on the diagrams for the USA.
- B) The income tax rate goes up.