

**If you are not in the classroom with me, you must be on Zoom with both your camera and microphone on.**

Do NOT write your name anywhere. (Canvas will tell me who turned in the exam.) Take pictures of your answers and use your own app or one of the pages I have links to on my home page to create a PDF for each answer which requires an upload. If it is large, resize it to A4. Upload that to Canvas. Upload each answer as a separate file with that question. Failure to follow directions will cost you one point. People with Apple products may need to use CamScanner app.

**You are not allowed to use your books, notes, the internet, or other people when taking this test.**

**You can use the internet to access Canvas and to convert your answers to PDF files. Nothing else.**

If you run out of time or lose your internet connection, you can do a second submission. You do NOT have to redo the questions you already did. I will be able to see every submission. If you have problems, you can always contact me via Zoom or e-mail.

Failure to follow these directions will cost you 1 point. The test has 100 points (to be scaled up to 160 points) and is scheduled to take 50 minutes. Therefore, expect to spend 1 minute for every 2 points. For example, a 12-point question should take 6 minutes. I have it set up to only give you an hour and a half.

1) (10 points) For either the role of the Fed in Part A or the role of the Fed in Part B, what does that mean?

- A) Supplies fiduciary money.
- B) Holds the banks' reserves.

2) (10 points) Define EITHER FDIC OR crowding out.

3) (12 points) Answer EITHER Part A OR Part B.

- A) What is the difference between the *budget deficit* and the *full employment budget deficit*?
- B) What automatically happens to the government's budget deficit when the economy picks up? Explain why that happens.

4) (14 points) Answer EITHER Part A OR Part B.

- A) How can a budget deficit cause a trade deficit? In other words, explain the term *twin deficits*.
- B) Explain why it is hard to cut the government deficit by cutting spending.

5) (18 points) Answer EITHER Part A OR Part B.

- A) There are four functions of money. What are THREE of them? For ONE of them, would M1 or M2 do a better job at that? Explain your logic.
- B) For the following three events, explain what happens to M1 and M2. Briefly explain your

logic. You transfer \$100 from your checking account to your savings account. You withdraw \$30 cash from your money market account. You pay for a \$50 shirt with a credit card.

6) (18 points) Answer EITHER Part A OR Part B.

A) What is *adverse selection*? Give an example of it and explain one way which the financial intermediary reduces the problem and why that action reduces the problem.

B) What is *moral hazard*? Give an example of it and explain one way which the financial intermediary reduces the problem and why that action reduces the problem.

7) (18 points) Answer EITHER Part A OR Part B.

A) What is the difference between the *gross public debt* and *net public debt*. Which do you think is a bigger problem? Explain your logic. Make sure you mention one of the problems caused by a large debt.

B) What is the difference between the *public debt Paul O'Neill discussed* and *net public debt*. Which do you think is a bigger problem? Explain your logic. Make sure you mention one of the problems caused by a large debt.